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APPLICATION NO.	, 1	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
09/973,256	•	10/09/2001	Gyorgy Lajos Kis	OP/4-30969A/N1/CVH21	6198
1095	7590	05/13/2005		EXAM	INER
NOVARTI	_	LLECTUAL PROPE	NICOLAS, FREDERICK C		
ONE HEAL			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
EAST HANOVER, NJ 07936-1080				3754	

DATE MAILED: 05/13/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

			SA_					
		Application No.	Applicant(s)					
		09/973,256	KIS ET AL.					
Office Action Summary		Examiner	Art Unit					
		Frederick C. Nicolas	3754					
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication apport	pears on the cover sheet with t	he correspondence address					
A SH THE - Exte after - If the - If NO - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. Insions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. It is period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a replot period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period are to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing led patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	136(a). In no event, however, may a reply ly within the statutory minimum of thirty (30 will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS e, cause the application to become ABAND	be timely filed ) days will be considered timely. from the mailing date of this communication. ONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).					
Status								
1)  🛛	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 29 A	p <u>ril</u> 2005.						
•		s action is non-final.						
3)	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is							
	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Disposit	ion of Claims							
4)🖂	Claim(s) <u>34-42</u> is/are pending in the application.							
•	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.							
5)	Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
6)⊠	Claim(s) <u>34-42</u> is/are rejected.							
7)	Claim(s) is/are objected to.							
8)□	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	or election requirement.						
Applicat	ion Papers	•						
9)[	The specification is objected to by the Examine	er.						
•	The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.							
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).							
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).							
11)	The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	xaminer. Note the attached Of	fice Action or form PTO-152.					
Priority	under 35 U.S.C. § 119							
	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign ⊠ All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority document		9(a)-(d) or (f).					
	2. Certified copies of the priority document		ication No					
	3.⊠ Copies of the certified copies of the price							
	application from the International Burea		-					
* (	See the attached detailed Office action for a list	of the certified copies not rec	eived.					
Attachmer								
	ce of References Cited (PTO-892) ce of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)		mary (PTO-413) ail Date					
	mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)		nal Patent Application (PTO-152)					
	er No(s)/Mail Date	6) Other:						

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#### **DETAILED ACTION**

#### Continued Examination Under 37 CFR 1.114

1. A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on 4/29/2005 has been entered.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. Claims 34-35,41 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Miller 4,088,166 in view of Czaplinski et al. 3,709,365.

Miller discloses a pharmaceutical package (col. 1, II. 8-15), which comprises a closed polypropylene bottle/barrel (10) in which is disposed a solution as seen in Figure 1, wherein the solution does not fill the bottle completely and some air is disposed in the bottle (col. 6, II. 11-22), a cap (32), a neck (14), the bottle has a bottom portion that has a concave configuration (22). Miller lacks after autoclaving the package at at least 121°C and for at least 20 minutes, suffers no deformation, does not shrink, and does not explode and where the package retains a sufficiently high squeezability to dispense

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the solution. Czaplinski et al. teach the use of autoclaving a polypropylene material at about 115°-125°C. from 20-30 minutes (col. 2, II. 49-58).

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to utilize the teaching of Czaplinski et al. onto Miller's package by autoclaving the package at at least121°C and for at least 20 minutes, as taught by Czaplinski et al. in (col. 2, II. 49-58), in order to treat a material that can withstand autoclaving at a temperature 121°C for at least 20 minutes.

4. As to claim 41, lines 1-3, the claimed subject matter "wherein physical properties of said polypropylene meet requirements laid down in the supplement of 1998 of the European Pharmacopoeia, 3<sup>rd</sup> edition (1997).

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the package of Miller and Czaplinski et al. as such, in order to comply with the requirements of the European Pharmacopoeia, 3<sup>rd</sup> edition (1997), as such is notoriously well known in the art.

5. Claims 36-40,42 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Miller 4,088,166 in view of Czaplinski et al. 3,709,365 as applied to claim 35 above, and further in view of Carter (EP 0322134).

Miller-Czaplinski et al. in combination have taught all the features of the claimed invention except that the cap being threaded onto the neck. Carter teaches the use of a container (20) threaded neck (26b) and a threaded cap (22).

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to utilize Carter's teaching onto the neck of Miller and Czaplinski et

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al., in order to provide an alternate means of attaching the cap onto the container neck for tight sealing.

As to claim 37, the claimed subject matter "the bottle is made of Appryl 3020 SM 3, the nozzle tip is made of Appryl 3020 SM 3, and the cap is made of HDPE GC 7260.

At the time the invention was made, It would have been an obvious matter of design choice to a person of ordinary skill in the art to have made the bottle and the nozzle tip of Miller and Czaplinski et al of Appryl 3020 SM 3, and the cap of HDPE GC 7260, because applicant has not disclosed that the bottle is made of Appryl 3020 SM 3, the nozzle tip is made of Appryl 3020 SM 3, and the cap is made of HDPE GC 7260, provides an advantage, is used for a particular purpose, or solves a stated problem. One of ordinary skill in the art, furthermore, would have expected applicant's invention to perform equally well with the bottle, the nozzle tip and the cap of Miller and Czaplinski et al, because the bottle, the cap and the nozzle tip of Miller and Czaplinski et al. form an enclosed container.

Therefore, it would have been an obvious matter of design choice to modify the bottle, the cap and the nozzle tip of Miller and Czaplinski et al. to obtain the invention specified in claim (37).

As to claim 39, the claimed subject matter, the bottle has a wall-thickness in the range of 0.3 mm to 0.6 mm, as well as the claimed subject matter in claim 40.

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the wall-thickness of Miller and Czaplinski et al as such, since it has been held that where the general conditions of a claim are disclosed in the

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prior art, discovering the optimum or workable ranges involves only routine skill in the art. As per MPEP 2144.05

As to claim 42, lines 1-3, the claimed subject matter "wherein physical properties of said polypropylene meet requirements laid down in the supplement of 1998 of the European Pharmacopoeia, 3<sup>rd</sup> edition (1997).

It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the package of Miller and Czaplinski et al. as such, in order to comply with the requirements of the European Pharmacopoeia, 3<sup>rd</sup> edition (1997), as such is notoriously well known in the art.

## Response to Arguments

6. Applicant's arguments filed 5/21/2004 have been fully considered but are moot in view of the new ground of rejection.

### Conclusion

- 7. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. Kido et al. 6,129,925 and Novitch 3,826,059 disclose other types of pharmaceutical package.
- 8. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Frederick C. Nicolas whose telephone number is (571)-272-4931. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday Friday from 9:00 AM to 5:00 PM.

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Michael Y Mar, can be reached on 571-272-4906. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

FN May 9, 2005

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